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WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1893.

VICTORY FOR REPEAL.

The Anti-Silver Men Show Great Strength.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 28.—The galleries of the House were crowded long before the time for the assembling, by persons interested in the result of the balloting on the silver question after two weeks of debate.

When the Speaker rapped for order at noon nearly every seat in the hall was filled.

While waiting for a call to order Bland freely admitted the claims of the anti silver men of a majority of fifty were well founded, and might be exceeded. It looked as if the Wilson bill might go through with little or no friction.

After reading the journal, Weaver of New York appeared at the bar of the House and was sworn in.

Then the Clerk reported the resolution containing the order of procedure on the silver question, providing for the vote first on the free coinage of silver at the rate of 16 to 1.

Bailey of Texas asked if, in case all the amendments to the proposition were defeated it be in order to propose an additional amendment.

The speaker thought not, but would hear the gentleman on the subject when the time came to formally present the subject.

McMillin of Tennessee wished to offer an amendment for the free coinage of the product of the silver mines of the United States.

Bland objected even to the reading, saying it was not free coinage at all.

Then the Wilson bill, repealing the silver-purchase clause of the Sherman Act was read, and Bland offered his first amendment for free coinage at the rate of 16 to 1. This was defeated—ayes 124, noes 226—and applause from the anti silver men, who did not expect so large a majority.

The 17th amendment was defeated—100 to 140. Beside the loss of the votes of the Populists, the members of that party withholding their votes, several negative votes were cast by those who favored a ratio of 16 to 1.

The amendment for 18 to 1 was defeated—102 to 239.

The 19th amendment was rejected—119 to 222.

The amendment to re-enact the Bland-Allison Act was defeated—136 to 213.

The Wilson Repeal bill was then passed—ayes 239, noes 110.

RUMORS ABOUT CLEVELAND.

An Operation for Diseased Bone Spreads Reports of a Cancer.

PHILADELPHIA, August 29.—The Press publishes a four-column article reiterating the statement that President Cleveland submitted to an operation on the yacht Oneida for the removal of a cancer, requiring the cutting away of a considerable part of the upper jaw bone, so far with no serious effect.

This operation took place at the time of the President's previous visit to Buzzard's Bay. The wound seemed to heal easily and naturally. His physicians hope all the virus has been removed and full recovery will result. He is said to be improving daily.

The Press says Cleveland is still very sick and the physicians fear a mortal disease is still lurking in his system.

New York, August 29.—The publication of the story concerning a surgical operation on President Cleveland, which was currently rumored two months ago, has brought out a statement from Dr. Ferdinand Hasbrouck, dentist. Dr. Hasbrouck consented to talk for publication and said:

"I have read an article which purports to give an account of President Cleveland's disease and the operation performed upon him. The publication calls, I think for an authoritative statement. The President's disease is or was—for the operation may have been successful in removing it—a growth in the bones of his left upper jaw adjoining the bones of the nose.

"The operation consisted in removing diseased portions of the bone and was performed about 10:30 o'clock on the morning of July 15, while the President was on board Mr. Benedict's yacht the Oneida. I want to say that I don't think the disease is the same as that which caused the death of General Grant.

"Dr. Bryant, another surgeon whom I will not name, and myself went on board the yacht at this city on Friday night, the night before the operation. It is not true, as has been published, that the President went immediately to bed on coming aboard that night. He sat on deck for a time smoking a cigar and seemed perfectly composed and at ease.

"The next day about 10 o'clock the President prepared himself for the knife. He was still entirely composed and cheerful. He lay down, announced that he was ready and I administered nitrous oxide to him. He responded to the anesthetic promptly and was soon unconscious.

"In order to enable the surgeons to cut away the bone which was the seat of the disease, I extracted two bicuspids teeth from the left side of the upper jaw. The surgeons then took charge

There was no external incision in the flesh of the face, the operators working entirely within the cavity of the mouth. The seat of the diseased growth was in the lower bones of the nose, in the adjoining bones of the nose and in the adjoining bone tissue on the left side of the upper jaw.

"This diseased bone was cut away piece by piece, and perhaps an inch or more of it was removed. While the operation was in progress the President revived from the effects of the anesthetic, and he was obliged to administer it to him a second time. Mr. Cleveland stood the oxide very well and no bad effects were produced by it. He rallied very quickly. The operation, so far as I could see, was an entire success. The loss of blood was not great."

Dr. Hasbrouck was then asked: "Is the disease of the President curable?"

To this he replied: "I have no doubt of it, provided it is attended to in time, and that was the object of the operation. Enough of the bone tissue was cut out to make certain that the entire extraneous growth had been removed."

"Is the disease cancerous in its nature?"

"That I will not say," replied Dr. Hasbrouck. "That is for Dr. Bryant to say, and it could only be determined by a microscopic examination of the diseased bone removed."

"What the microscopic examination has disclosed I have not definitely heard. I understand, however, that the President is progressing as well as could be expected. I have seen worse cases, and so far as I know they are living yet. It only remains now for Dr. Bryant to state what the microscopic investigation reveals concerning the character of the malady."

THE PRESIDENT ANGRY.

BUZZARD'S BAY, August 29.—The President received a correspondent this afternoon. He was quite communicative, and said that he was greatly gratified at the passage of the Wilson bill.

He was in the best of health, he declared, and he was incensed at the false report circulated about his being afflicted with cancer.

The family will probably leave tomorrow. To-night Mrs. Cleveland drove over to the village and made a farewell call on the Jeffersons.

FINDS LITTLE FAVOR.

Western Governors Want No Secession.

NEW YORK, August 22.—The World prints to-day the opinions of a number of Western Governors upon the proposition of a commercial division of the United States. This proposition originated with the State officials of Kansas.

They have been talking for some time of a commercial division of the East and West, and some have gone further and discussed a political division.

This has not been mere talk, for the Kansas officials sent a petition to Governor Stone of Missouri for a call for a convention of Governors and delegates to be appointed by the Governors to consider means to free the West and South from the alleged domination in business affairs of the East. A convention west of the Mississippi and south of the Ohio river.

The petition reviews the financial condition of the country, and adds that it will be worse if Congress does nothing or unconditionally repeals the Sherman law.

It concludes as follows: "We consider the present an auspicious time for a concerted movement to bring the people of the West and South into such united action as will protect and foster interests which are naturally allied, and to free those sections from the unjust and ruinous domination of a section which is largely influenced by European policies and methods."

The World sent to each of the Governors of the Western States a telegram requesting them to answer these questions:

First—What do you think of the petition of Kansas officials for a commercial division between the West and East?

Second—What would be the result of the proposed convention of Governors to consider this?

Governors Stone of Missouri, Lewelling of Kansas, and Penoyer of Oregon boldly favor the convention; all others heard from oppose it. Governor Stone favors the scheme. He would make St. Louis the money center and Galveston or New Orleans the outlet for the West and South.

Governor McGraw of Washington says any man who proposes a secession of States is as much a traitor as he was in 1861.

Governor Knute Nelson of Minnesota expresses the same sentiment. Governors Colcord of Nevada and Crouse of Nebraska have no sympathy with or confidence in the scheme. Governor Horace Boies of Iowa says it is unwise and does not think that any considerable number of Governors would attend such a convention.

BLOUNT GOES HOME.

Clearly Cleveland Is in No Hurry to Settle Hawaiian Affairs.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—Minister Blount had another conference with Secretary Gresham at the State Department to-day in regard to Hawaiian affairs, but the details will not be given out for publication at present. Blount has concluded his business with the State Department and will leave here tomorrow morning for his home in Georgia. It is learned that the report that Minister Blount had resigned is premature. He will probably return to Washington almost simultaneously with the President, about the 1st of September, and the future course of the Government on the Hawaiian question will then be finally considered, but the result of the negotiations for a new treaty with Hawaii will not be known official-

ly until the President communicates it to the Senate in the form of a specific message. From present indications it is not at all certain that this will done before the beginning of the regular session of Congress in December.

BLOUNT STILL IN POWER.

He Will Conduct All Negotiations With the Hawaiians.

WASHINGTON, August 21.—With the arrival of Minister Blount in Washington within the next few days diplomatic business between the United States and Hawaii will be conducted by Blount and by Thurston, Minister of the Provisional Government to this country. Routine matters and communications directed to the Provisional Government from the State Department will be transmitted through Severance, the United States Consul-General at Honolulu. Minister Blount is still invested with the title and functions of commissioner, and he will act in a dual capacity.

The cruiser Philadelphia will arrive at Honolulu about the middle of September. The Yorktown arrived at Rio de Janeiro Saturday and the Charleston at Barbados yesterday. One of these vessels will be sent to represent the United States in Samoa.

WANTS TO BE A GOVERNOR.

A Report That Blount Will Be a Candidate in Georgia.

ATLANTA (Ga.), August 26.—J. H. Blount, United States Minister to the Hawaiian Islands, will run for Governor of the State. He will be the administration candidate. The statement has been confidentially made that Cleveland could not carry Georgia, in the light of recent events, the game of battle has been accepted, and in voting for Blount's nomination voters will express confidence in Cleveland. The contest promises to be both lurid and sensational.

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

The Czar is at Copenhagen.

Cholera has appeared in London.

David B. Hill is out as a bi-metalist.

The cholera plague is spreading in Russia.

Henry Irving, the actor, is in San Francisco.

Tiller is fighting in the Senate for the Sherman law.

The West Point cadets are now at the World's Fair.

German troops are fighting with the natives in East Africa.

There are gloomy agricultural prospects in Great Britain.

No naval vessel will be sent to Apia by the United States.

Cholera is reported from the Missouri town of Wellington.

The engagement of Miss Pullman to Prince Isenberg is denied.

James E. Tucker succeeds Appraiser Kaiston at San Francisco.

A statue of Abraham Lincoln has been unveiled at Edinburgh.

The Paris has been beaten by the Normanna in an ocean race.

New York bankers claim that the financial situation is improving.

A British cruiser has been sent to Zanzibar to quell an insurrection.

Miss Yohe, the actress, will marry Lord Hepe, an English nobleman.

Another bloody engagement has taken place in Rio Grande do Sul.

Several summer hotels at Rockaway Beach have been destroyed by fire.

The Bonapartists want Prince Victor Napoleon made President of France.

The French elections are not reassuring to the friends of the Government.

Forty million marks will be spent upon an increase of the German navy.

Peary is still on Labrador, having refused to pay the prices asked for dogs.

There were a great many wrecks on the Atlantic as the result of the August storm.

Mayor Carter Harris of Chicago, who is 75, is to marry a New Orleans heiress.

The steamship British Prince, flying the cholera flag, has appeared off Philadelphia.

The new Chinese embassy spent \$10,000 during its short stay in San Francisco.

Four thousands idle men paraded under the black flag at Newark, N. Y., on Aug. 21.

Dr. Peters, the African explorer, who has arrived in New York, thinks Emin Pasha is not dead.

Paymaster John Clyde Sullivan of the Navy is likely to be acquitted of the charges against him.

It is likely that the Consolidated National Bank of San Diego will resume business this month.

The liberty bell will be rung in various parts of the United States and will then be taken to Europe.

Bismarck is severely criticised in Berlin for speeches he has made against the policy of the Government.

H. K. Thurber, the famous merchant, is charged with having fled from New York to escape creditors.

The recent attacks on missionaries in China were committed by roughs and were not due to Geary's law.

Four million dollars in gold has been sent from the San Francisco mint to the sub-treasury in New York.

Mrs. Zelia Nuttall has interpreted the Aztec calendar. It is the most important discovery of the kind made this century.

Riots between French and Italian workmen at Aigues Mortes, France, have strained diplomacy between Paris and Rome.

Several men were wounded in a conflict between rioters in Chicago and police. Most of the trouble was caused by foreigners.

Lillian Russell, the actress, is to wed Sandow, the "Modern Samson." The same rumor affects Miss Russell and Howell Osborne.

There has been savage fighting between factions in Mexico. In one engagement eighty men were shot down in a canyon.

A court martial of Atlanta officers will be ordered by the Navy department. The condition of the ship is said to be disgraceful.

Catholics in the United States, assisted by European journals, will make an effort to oust Mgr. Satolli from his post as Delegate Apostolic.

Fourteen people were killed in a railway collision on Long Island, August 27th. Among them was Editor E. A. Buck of the Spirit of the Times.

The survivors of the Victoria disaster attribute the affair to the anger of Admiral Tryon at suggestions which were made to him to change the course of his ship.

President Montt of Chile has granted amnesty to all Balmacedists except Claudio Vicuna, his cabinet, and those responsible for the massacre of students at Los Canos.

Admiral Field of the British navy says that the English r-m-s do not deserve the name. They could do no more execution than a man tilting against a stone wall with a tumbler on his nose.

To exercise further pressure upon Siam to compel compliance with their latest demands the French are threatening to return to their gunboats. The foreign residents are loud in their indignation. The report that the French are fortifying Chantabun tends to increase the anxiety.

Captain Henry Glass is in all probability to take command of the Olympia when she is turned over to the Government. Captain Glass is at present captain of the yard at Mare Island, but he is seen frequently on the ship now consulting with the members of the firm. The vessel is to be the flagship of the Pacific squadron, and consequently he will have an admiral alongside of him, which is not considered so desirable in the navy as to be the senior officer aboard one's own ship. It is thought that the Olympia may make her debut in commission as leader of the fleet which, it is hoped, will assemble in the bay during the Midwinter Fair.

PRINTERS

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF JOB, BOOK AND COMMERCIAL PRINTING, PAPER-RULING AND BOOK-BINDING.

BY AUTHORITY.

SALE OF LEASE OF THE GOVERNMENT REMNANTS OF PUEPEA AND KOKOIKI, KOHALA, HAWAII.

On THURSDAY, October 5, 1893, at 12 o'clock noon, at the front entrance of the Executive Building will be sold at Public Auction the remnants of the Government lands of PUEPEA and KOKOIKI, KOHALA, Hawaii, containing an area of 399 acres, a little more or less.

Terms—Lease for 10 years.

Upset price—\$125 per annum payable semi-annually in advance.

J. A. KING,
Minister of the Interior,
Interior Office, Sept. 5, 1893. 138-31

HUGH GUNN has this day been appointed member of the Board of Fire Commissioners for the City of Honolulu, vice JAS. H. BOYD, resigned.

J. A. KING,
Minister of the Interior,
Interior Office, Sept. 5th, 1893. 137-11

SALE OF TENANCY AT WILL OF THE STORE ON KING STREET AND ADJOINING THE CHINESE THEATRE.

On Saturday, September 30, 1893, at 12 o'clock noon, at the front entrance of the Executive Building will be sold at Public Auction the Tenancy at Will of the Premises occupied as a Store on King Street on the Waikiki side of and adjoining the Chinese Theatre, Honolulu, Oahu.

Terms—Tenancy from month to month until such time as the Minister of the Interior may wish to terminate the same by giving 30 days notice.

Upset price \$10.00 per month payable monthly in advance.

(Signed) J. A. KING,
Minister of the Interior,
Interior Office, August 31, 1893. 134-31

IRRIGATION NOTICE.

Owing to the drought and scarcity of water, the irrigation hours are hereby suspended until further notice.

All persons disregarding the above notice are liable to have their privileges cut off without further notice.

ANDREW BROWN,
Superintendent Honolulu Water Works,
Honolulu, H. I., Aug. 29, 1893. 133-11

WATER NOTICE.

Owing to the drought and scarcity of water, the residents above Juul Street are requested to collect what water they may require for household purposes before 8 o'clock A.M.

ANDREW BROWN,
Supt. Honolulu Water Works,
10-11

NOTICE.

From and after date all bills against the Board of Health must be made in duplicates.

CHAS. WILCOX,
Sec'y Board of Health,
Office Board of Health, Honolulu, H. I.,
August 31, 1893. 133-31

SALE OF LEASE OF GOVERNMENT LAND ADJOINING POHAKAHAKU, HAMAKUA, HAWAII.

On Thursday, September 28, 1893, at 12 o'clock noon, at the front entrance of the Executive Building, will be sold at Public Auction the Lease of a piece of Government land adjoining Pohakahaku, Hamakua, Hawaii, containing an area of 80 acres, more or less.

Terms—Lease for 10 years.

Upset price \$50 per annum payable semi-annually in advance.

J. A. KING,
Minister of the Interior,
Interior Office, Aug. 29, 1893. 132-31

General Advertisements.

...THE...

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109
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